



The MSDS format adheres to the standards and regulatory requirements of the United States and may not meet regulatory requirements in other countries.

DuPont
Material Safety Data Sheet

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"DELIRIN" ACETAL RESIN ON SYNONYM LIST DEL007D
DEL007D Revised 23-AUG-2006

CHEMICAL PRODUCT/COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Material Identification

"DELIRIN" is a registered trademark of DuPont.

Tradenames and Synonyms

"DELIRIN" 100AL NC010
"DELIRIN" 500AL NC010,
"DELIRIN" DE8504 NC010,
"DELIRIN" DE8904 NC010,
"DELIRIN" DE9422 NC010,
"DELIRIN" DX20027,
"DELIRIN" DX20028,

Company Identification

MANUFACTURER/DISTRIBUTOR

DuPont Engineering Polymers
1007 Market Street
Wilmington, DE 19898

PHONE NUMBERS

Product Information : 1-(800)-441-7515
Transport Emergency : 1-(800)-424-9300
Medical Emergency : 1-(800)-441-3637

COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Components

| Material | CAS Number | % |
|--------------------|------------|--------|
| ACETAL POLYMER | | >94 |
| ETHYLENE COPOLYMER | | <5 |
| STABILIZER | | <3 |
| FORMALDEHYDE | 50-00-0 | <0.005 |

Components (Remarks)

Material is not known to contain Toxic Chemicals under Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372.

(COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS - Continued)

Additives in this product do not present a respiration hazard unless the product is ground to a powder of respirable size and the dust is inhaled. All dusts are potentially injurious to the respiratory tract if respirable particles are generated and inhaled in sufficiently high concentrations. Good industrial hygiene practices, as with all dusts, should include precautions to prevent inhalation of respirable particles.

HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Potential Health Effects

ADDITIONAL HEALTH EFFECTS

Read the specific datasheet for product to be used before using this resin, as well as the Delrin Molding Guide.

ACETAL POLYMER

There are no known effects from exposure to the Delrin polymer itself. If overheated, the polymer releases formaldehyde which may cause skin, eye, and respiratory irritation and allergic reactions.

Significant skin permeation and systemic toxicity after contact appears unlikely. There are inconclusive or unverified reports of human sensitization.

Carcinogenicity Information

The following components are listed by IARC, NTP, OSHA or ACGIH as carcinogens.

| Material | IARC | NTP | OSHA | ACGIH |
|--------------|------|-----|------|-------|
| FORMALDEHYDE | 1 | X | X | A2 |

FIRST AID MEASURES

First Aid

INHALATION

No specific intervention is indicated as the compound is not likely to be hazardous by inhalation. Consult a physician if necessary. If exposed to fumes from overheating or combustion, move to fresh air. Consult a physician if symptoms persist.

SKIN CONTACT

The compound is not likely to be hazardous by skin contact, but cleansing the skin after use is advisable. If molten polymer gets on skin, cool rapidly with cold water. Do not attempt to peel polymer from skin. Obtain medical treatment for thermal burn.

(FIRST AID MEASURES - Continued)

EYE CONTACT

In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Call a physician.

INGESTION

No specific intervention is indicated as compound is not likely to be hazardous by ingestion.

FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable Properties

Flash Point : Not Applicable

"Delrin" dust cloud ignition temperature is 440 degrees C (824 degrees F).

Fire and Explosion Hazards:

Like most organic materials in powder form, dust generated from this product may form a flammable dust-air mixture. Potential for a dust explosion may exist. Minimize the generation and accumulation of dust. Keep away from sources of ignition. Burns with invisible flame. Hazardous gases/vapors produced in fire are carbon monoxide, formaldehyde.

Extinguishing Media

Water, Foam, Dry Chemical, CO2.

Fire Fighting Instructions

Keep personnel removed and upwind of fire. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Safeguards (Personnel)

NOTE: Review FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES and HANDLING (PERSONNEL) sections before proceeding with clean-up. Use appropriate PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT during clean-up.

Spill Clean Up

Spilled material is a slipping hazard.

Sweep up to avoid slipping hazard.

HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling (Personnel)

See FIRST AID and PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT SECTIONS.

Handling (Physical Aspects)

Open container only in well-ventilated area.

Minimize the generation and accumulation of dust.

Storage

Store in a well ventilated area away from heat and sunlight.

Keep container closed to prevent contamination.

EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering Controls

VENTILATION When hot processing this material, use local and/or general exhaust ventilation to control the concentration of vapors and fumes below exposure limits.

In cutting or grinding operations with this material, use local exhaust to control the concentration of dust below exposure limits.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/Face Protection

Wear safety glasses. Wear coverall chemical splash goggles and face shield when possibility exists for eye or face contact due to splashing or spraying of molten material. A full face mask positive-pressure air-supplied respirator provides protection from eye irritation.

Respirators

When temperatures exceed 230 degrees C and ventilation is inadequate to maintain concentrations below exposure limits, use a positive-pressure air-supplied respirator. Air- purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

During grinding, sawing, routing, drilling or sanding operations use a NIOSH/MSHA approved air-purifying respirator with dust/mist cartridge or canister if airborne particulate concentrations are expected to exceed permissible exposure levels.

Protective Clothing

(EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION - Continued)

If there is potential contact with hot/molten material, wear heat resistant clothing and footwear.

Wear leather or cotton gloves when grinding, sawing, routing, drilling or sanding.

Exposure Guidelines

Exposure Limits

"DELIRIN" ACETAL RESIN ON SYNONYM LIST DEL007D

PEL (OSHA) : Particulates (Not Otherwise Regulated)
15 mg/m³, 8 Hr. TWA, total dust
5 mg/m³, 8 Hr. TWA, respirable dust

Other Applicable Exposure Limits

FORMALDEHYDE

PEL (OSHA) : 0.75 ppm, 0.92 mg/m³, 8 Hr. TWA
STEL 2 ppm, 2.5 mg/m³

TLV (ACGIH) : Ceiling 0.3 ppm, A2
Sensitizer

AEL * (DuPont) : 0.5 ppm, 8 & 12 Hr. TWA
1 ppm, 15 minute TWA

* AEL is DuPont's Acceptable Exposure Limit. Where governmentally imposed occupational exposure limits which are lower than the AEL are in effect, such limits shall take precedence.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical Data

Melting Point : 175-183 C (347-361 F)
Solubility in Water : Insoluble
Odor : Slight formaldehyde
Form : Pellets
Specific Gravity : >1

STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability

Stable at normal temperatures and storage conditions.

Conditions to Avoid

Maintain polymer melt temperatures below 230 C (446 F) . Avoid prolonged exposure at or above the recommended processing temperatures.

(STABILITY AND REACTIVITY - Continued)

Incompatibility with Other Materials

Incompatible with strong acids and bases (decomposes forming formaldehyde) and strong oxidizing agents. At melt temperatures, acetal resins are incompatible with halogenated polymers such as PVC and PVDC and any elastomers containing halogenated polymers. Even small amounts of such contaminants can cause sudden and spontaneous formaldehyde gas formation. Workplace fume concentrations well above threshold levels are a likely result. Unsafe pressurization of equipment, e.g., extruders, molds, can also result.

Do not contaminate either virgin resin or rework. Do not mix this resin with pigments or additives other than those designated by DuPont. Do not mix this grade with other grades of Delrin, nor with any other resins, without first consulting DuPont. Doing any of the above may change the thermal stability of this resin and potentially cause decomposition.

Decomposition

Decomposition of this material depends on the length of time it is exposed to elevated temperatures. At the recommended processing temperature of 200-210 C (392-410 F), decomposition should not be significant until after 30 minutes. Decomposition may be accelerated by contaminants, pigments, and/or other additives.

Autoclaving with pressurized steam may lead to a rapid decomposition and should be done for only minimum amounts of time. COOL COMPLETELY BEFORE OPENING the autoclave.

Hazardous gas/vapor produced is formaldehyde.

Polymerization

Polymerization will not occur.

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Animal Data

Delrin

Inhalation 6 hour LC50: > 22,000 mg/m3 in rats
Oral LD50: > 11,000 mg/kg in rats

Delrin is not a skin irritant, and is not a skin sensitizer in animals.

Single or repeated inhalation exposures to high concentrations of Delrin dust resulted in collapse of some areas of the lungs, other areas were over-inflated. This effect was seen as late as 11-19 days post-exposure.

(TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION - Continued)

No toxic effect were observed in animals ingesting Delrin.

No animal test reports are available to define carcinogenic, mutagenic, developmental, or reproductive hazards.

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological Information

AQUATIC TOXICITY:

No information is available. Toxicity is expected to be low based on insolubility in water. Do not discharge to streams, ponds, lakes or sewers.

DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal

Preferred options for disposal are (1) recycling, (2) incineration with energy recovery, and (3) landfill. The high fuel value of this product makes option 2 very desirable for material that cannot be recycled, but incinerator must be capable of scrubbing out acidic combustion products. Treatment, storage, transportation, and disposal must be in accordance with applicable federal, state/provincial, and local regulations.

TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

Shipping Information

Not regulated in transportation by DOT/IMO/IATA.

REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. Federal Regulations

TSCA Inventory Status : In compliance with TSCA Inventory requirements for commercial purposes.

State Regulations (U.S.)

STATE RIGHT-TO-KNOW

No substances on the state hazardous substances list, for the states indicated below, are used in the manufacture of products on this Material Safety Data Sheet, with the exceptions indicated.

(REGULATORY INFORMATION - Continued)

SUBSTANCES ON THE PENNSYLVANIA HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES LIST PRESENT AT A CONCENTRATION OF 1 % OR MORE (0.01% FOR SPECIAL HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES)- None known.

WARNING - SUBSTANCES KNOWN TO THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA TO CAUSE
CANCER, BIRTH DEFECTS OR OTHER REPRODUCTIVE HARM- Formaldehyde.

SUBSTANCES ON THE NEW JERSEY WORKPLACE HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE LIST
PRESENT AT A CONCENTRATION OF 1% OR MORE (0.1% FOR SUBSTANCES
IDENTIFIED AS CARCINOGENS, MUTAGENS OR TERATOGENS)- None known.

OTHER INFORMATION

Additional Information

MEDICAL USE: CAUTION: Do not use in medical applications involving permanent implantation in the human body. For other medical applications see DuPont CAUTION Bulletin No. H-50102.

The data in this Material Safety Data Sheet relates only to the specific material designated herein and does not relate to use in combination with any other material or in any process.

Responsibility for MSDS : REGULATORY AFFAIRS
DUPONT ENGINEERING POLYMERS
Address : CHESTNUT RUN PLAZA 713
WILMINGTON, DE 19880-0713
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# Indicates updated section.
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This information is based upon technical information believed to be reliable. It is subject to revision as additional knowledge and experience is gained.

End of MSDS